JUSTICE LIPPINCOTT MARES SECOND CHARGE.

He Tells the Grand Jury to Investigat Everything Appertaining to that Vital Subject Without Any Fear or Favor, Justice Lippincott, sitting in the Circuit Court in Jersey City, had the Grand Jury brought into court resterday afternoon for the purpose of making some additional remarks about Jersey Chy's water supply and to give some further in structions concerning the investigation which he instructed the Jury on the opening day of court to make. In his charge on the opening day he called the attention of the jury to the fact that rumors had been circulated and published that there was collusion between the city authorities and the water syndicates, and that the water was being made bad designedly, with a view of creating public sentiment in favor of a new supply. Yesterday he said in part:

"I again call your attention to the water ques-tion in Jersey City, and I have considered that the Court should now conclude its expression to the Grand Jury on this subject, so that you may have as early an opportunity to commend your investigation as possible, and as much time as is necessary to conclude it. The Court must rely upon your investigation for a conclusion in the matter. The Court never puts itself in the position of a prosecutor in matters of this kind, but the Court ought never to be diverted from commending to you an investigation which will probably insure some remedy whenever an

kind, but the Court ought never to be diverted from commending to you an investigation which will probably insure some remedy whenever an evil exists.

"Now, in this matter there can exist no question of the power of the Grand Juty to make this investigation, quite saide from the object of finding whether an offence against the law has been committed by an individual, or individuals, or not. The Grand Jury has the right to investigate into anything which affects or tends to affect the health of any locality in the county, for that which affects a part affects the whole. If a public nuisance exists in any locality in the county the Grand Jury can investigate it, and by presentment to the court give publicity to the facts, and if they so desire recommend a remedy, and such recommendation has all the force of authority, emanating from a body selected for the purpose of protecting and preserving the community in the enjoyment of their rights.

"Now, lo my remarks to you on the opening day of the term there may have arisen a misconstruction. I intended them to give expression to public sentiment and public belief on this subject. By placing this in the strongest light to you a mislaterpretation of these remarks arose. I think it was pretty well understood that the court was to further call your attention to the matter. A condition which was in every sense diagusting existed. Apparently it was being acquiesced in by those in authority: the public were very urgently seeking relief, and in the absence of explanation it is entirely correct to say that a deep-seated impression against officials in authority was gaining ground.

"This was an impression which was of no benefit to the city of Jersey City, it was being discussed outside of this State, the press of other cities were taking up the subject, and in such a spirit of expression as must have in a very short space of time, if it had not aiready done so, worked a serious injury to the prosperity of the city. The city of Jorsey City is inviting development of its reso

health of all.

"I know of no use to which it can be safely applied."

Justice Lippincott said he was not asking the jury to place the responsibility upon any particular official, but he desired to ascertain whether there had been any neglect or malfeasance in the past, and if so it was the duty of the jury to place the responsibility where it belonged.

"If there be corporations," he said, "municipal or other corporations, discharging this pollution into the river or its tributaries within the limits of this county, you can indict them for maintaining a public nuisance.

"Now, the Court recommends to you that you investigate the sources of the supply of water, and the manner in which it is conveyed into this city. Is the source so impure that fairly potable water cannot be obtained from it? The Court desires a thorough investigation upon this point, for if potable water can be obtained in sufficient quantity from the sources of the present supply, and you should arrive at that conclusion, then it appears to the Court that you have solved most of the difficulties of the situation. It then becomes only a question of mere machinery, of procer and cleanly mains and pipes and methods, and efficient official action within the present line of the water supply. Allow me to say that nothing but a thorough investigation and presentation of the facts upon which the results and your conclusions upon this point are based will satisfy the public. No general explanation or statement in general terms can, with any force, close the doors of future discussion on this subject. In this investifiation you have the right, and ought to investigate and consider whether our receivoirs are ample and efficient, this subject. In this investifiation you have the right, and ought to investigate and consider whether our reservoirs are ample and efficient, whether the machinery is of the character and power to maintain the water in such reservoirs at the proper height, and how it is managed; in what manner and with what care it is conducted into the city; where it is deficient, if such deficiency exists; whether the working of such machinery is superintended with ability and efficiency. There is no branch of this service should escape your scrutiny. A mere official visit, or a mere official inspection, will not suffice. You will be investigating upon an important concern, and you must probe deeper than appearances."

Justice Lippincott closed with a suggestion

appearances."

Justice Lippincott closed with a suggestion that experts may be employed if deemed necessary. He instructed the jury to make a present ment as soon as the investigation has been completed.

#### BAD AIR IN A BROOKLYN SCHOOL. 1,500 Pupils Crowded Into Class Room with Insufficient Ventilation.

Dr. William M. Hutchinson, one of the sanitary inspectors of the Brooklyn Health Departent, has reported that an inspection at public school No. 9, at Sterling place and Vanderbilt avenue, shows that the building is unfit for school purposes. The attendance of No. 8 is from a well-to-do district. There are now 1,500 pupils in the school, and so many are crowded into the small class rooms that, according to Dr. Hutchinson, the air space is insufficient, the ventilation poor, and the sanitary equipment very bad.

cient, the ventilation poor, and the sanitary equipment very bad.

The inspector's report was embedied in a letter-sent by Health Commissioner Emery to Dr. John Harrigan, the Chairman of the Health Committee of the public schools. Dr. Harrigan indicates that an effort had been made to build an extension to the school, but the amount asked for to make the improvement was cut out by the Board of Estimate. Nothing can be done at present, he says, to improve the condition of the school.

### An Expert on the Apple Crop.

WOLCOTT, N. Y., Sept. 19 .- An expert fruit man, who for fifteen years has made inspection trips through New York State, northern Ohio, Michigan, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Iowa, and Counds, has just returned, and to-day pronounced his opinion concerning the apple crop

"The New England States," said he, "will ave a good average crop, and the outlook where I have been outside is for a large yield. In no particular section west of the New England States is there a full crop, but every section in the States I visited, which has supplied winter fruit heretofore, will supply quite largely this year. A close inspection shows this to be a season in which the fruit is found well inside the tree. The quality of the fruit is below the average, except in Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, and lowa. The aggregate supply will be in excess of the fall of 1801, except as it may be changed within the next few weeks by the elements. The crop in the New England States, New York, and Michigan is fully equal to that of last year. In some sections applies have been injured by the severe drought, but late rains are bound to help them." I have been outside is for a large yield.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Sept. 10.-The Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen reelected Grand Master of Locomotive Firemen reflected Grand Master Frank P. Sargent by acclamation this morning. He had no opposition. Three Vice-Grand Mas-ters were also elected. They are: John J. Han-ahan, Englewood, Ill.; Charles A. Wilson, Phillipsburg, N. J.; Charles W. Mater, Parsons,

#### President Names Bying

PANAMA. Sept. 19. - Advices have been received by the Star and Herold from Bogota that yester-Cay morning Dr. Rafael Nufles, President of the spublic of Colombia, was not expected to live more than two hours. He had been suffering from an attack of fover. The name was re-ceived by a Spanish steamer. THE CATHOLIC CONVENTION OVER.

A Bespatch from the Pops and a Resolution Demouncing the A. P. A. The session of the German Roman Catholic Central Verein was concluded yesterday at the school hall of the Church of the Most Holy Redeemer, at 223 East Fourth street. A cable despatch from Cardinal Rampolla, Papal Secre-tary of State, bestowing the benediction of Pope Leo XIII., was read by the Rev. Dr. Schroeder. The despatch was in Latin. Following is a

The Holy Father received with pleasure and thanks the sentiments of fillal devotion expressed by the Convention of the German Roman Catholic Central Verein, and sends from the bottom of his heart his paternal M. CARDINAL RAMPOLLA.

In the afternoon the resolutions of the Convention were adopted. The following reference

was made to the A. P. A.t "The fruits of religious batred and fanaticism. which of late years the secret societies have brought forth by endeavoring, under the mask which of late years the secret societies have brought forth by endeavoring, under the mask of patriotism or Americanism, to oairacize Catholic, must spur our Catholic societies to Join forces for the purpose of defending and preserving our religious as well as our civil rights.

\* \* In such societies our men, young and old, will learn, soove all, how to face the arrogance, nay, impudence, of resuccitated Know-Nothingism. Our Catholic societies are by no means political societies: every one of their members is at full liberty to side with either political party, and yet our religions conviction, and solely this, will decide our choice in all those cases in which a party or individuals see fit to drag religion into politics and to become the tool of chiques, as un-American as they are anti-Catholic.

The system of parochial schools was commended. The following officers were elected: Adolph Weber of Racine, Wis., President; H. M. Wolf of New York, First Vice-President; J. H. Feldhaus of Louisville, Second Vice-President; Alfred Steckel of Milwaukee, Recording Secretary; J. V. Schiffer of Covington, Ky., Corresponding Secretary; John F. Brinkmann of Terre Haute, Ind., Treasurer; William Caspar of Milwaukee, F. Arandes of St. Louis, G. Jansen of Covington, Ky., and William Auer of New York, Executive Committee. Albany was selected for the meeting of the next Convention, To-day the delegates will take a sail around New York haroor and will land at Sniger's Harlem River Park, where they will spend the rest of the day in festivities.

#### PRINCETON'S 148TH YEAR.

Hard Times and Haring Reduce the Size of the Incoming Class, PRINCETON, Sept. 19.- Princeton College opened her 148th year to-day. The incoming class numbers 250, a falling off of about fifty from last year. The decrease is chiefly in the academic department. The school of science has a larger incoming class than usual. The decrease in the number of entrances is attributed chiefly to the hard times and partly to the unenviable reputation Princeton got from the

hazing episodes of last year.

The sophomores received a sound lecture on

this point in Marquand chapel to-day from Mr. James H. Alexander of New York city, who spoke with Dean James O. Murray at the opening session of the college.

The following instructors are announced as added to the faculty: Dr. Willard Humphrey, assistant professor of German; Elmer H. Loomis, Ph. D., instructor in physics: John H. Coney, A. M. (85), instructor in history; E. Y. Robbins (86), instructor in Greek; W. K. Prentice (192), instructor in Greek; Webster Browning, A. M. (194), instructor in Latin; J. M. Brooka, A. M. (198), instructor in mathematics; W. B. Vreeland, A. B. (193), instructor in the Romance languages; Alvin Davidson, A. M., demonstrator in morphology; H. F. Sill, assistant in applied chemistry, and T. F. Pease, organist.

#### CANAL IMPROVEMENT.

Proposed Amendment to He Fuhmitted to the Constitutional Convention.

ALBANY, Sept. 19 .- A final conference of the representatives of the canal interests, who are endeavoring to secure a constitutional provision for canal improvement, was held here to-day. Those present included ex-Senator George B. Sloan of Oswego, William E. Cleary of the New York city Board of Trade and Transportation, Edward M. Clarkson, representing the New York city Produce Exchange, and Secretary

York city Produce Exchange, and Secretary Alexander R. Smith of New York city. The conference agreed upon the following proposed amendment, which they will ask all delegates to the Constitutional Convention who favor canal improvements to support:

Amend section 3 of Article VII. by adding the following all be the duty of the Legislature to provide for a competent and careful survey of the canals of the State with a view to their improvement. And it shall be the duty of the Legislature to further provide that such improvement as it recommended, together with a statement of the total estimated cost thereof, shall be published, and provision made for the submission to the people, at the next succeeding general election, of the question, "Shall the canals be so improved?" and it a majority of the votes cast are in the affirmative, then the State shall be bonded for such improvement and the same made.

The canal amendments, which are now on the The canal amendments, which are now on the order of the third reading, are the first to be considered when the Constitutional Convention

#### PRESIDENT CHOATE TO BE CALLED

The Charges of Bribery Against Five Brooklyn Republican Delegates. ALBANY, Sept. 19.-The investigation into the complaint against five Brooklyn Constitutions Convention delegates, alleging bribery, was re sumed in the Police Court in this city this after-noon. Assistant Secretary Johnson of the Connoon. Assistant Secretary Johnson of the Convention identified the journal of Sept. 11. in which the proceedings and vote on the resolution to pay the five delegates the money was set forth, and gave testimony as to Delegate Elihu Root offering the resolution to pay them. To-morrow morning, at 10 o'clock, Deputy Comptroller William J. Morgan is expected to answer to a subpona to produce the receipts of the Brooklyn delegates for the \$900 each which was voted them by the Convention. To-morrow afternoon President Joseph H. Choate of the Constitutional Convention will be called to the stand, and also several other important witstand.

stand, and also several other important wi Labor Condition of English Spinners.

BOSTON, Sept. 19.-Secretary Robert Howard of the Fall River Mule Spinners' Association who has just returned from England, where he attended the International Textile Workers' Convention, says:

Convention, says:

"There is no doubt that the English spinner is better off and happier in his surroundings than the American spinner. The one great drawback there is the number of people out of wors. They have more amusement and enjoy themselves far better than the workers on this side, and they can live far more cheaply. Nevertheless, the manufacturers are better off and make more money. In the mill in which I worked myself while I was over there the thirty-ninth quarterly dividend was declared at the rate of ten per cent. That was in Stockport."

Comptroller Roberts's Iliness Delays Work

ALBANY, Sept. 19.—The serious illness of Comptroller Roberts has caused a setback in the work of the Comptroller's office. As it is im-possible for him to sign warrants, it is difficult possible for him to sign warrants, it is difficult to obtain money from the State just at present. When the Comptroller is out of the State the law allows the Deputy Comptroller to sign all checks and warrants for his chief, but as the Comptroller is at Saratoga no money can be obtained unless he signs the warrants. Some few signatures have been obtained, but until he recovers sufficiently to sign his name the work at his office will have to lag. He was somewhat improved to-day.

Attachments Against the Hagenbeck Arens Company.

The Sheriff received yesterday two attachments against the Hagenbeck Arena Company— one for \$2,485 in favor of the Long Island Railroad Company and the other for \$818 in favor of the Manhattan Heach Hotel and Land Company, both of which were granted on the ground that it is a New Jersey corporation. The first attachment is for money expended for advertising the exhibition of the company. The total amount was \$2.797, but the company repaid \$312. The second attachment is for work in the construction of dressing rooms, cages and buildings. road Company and the other for \$818 in favor

Newspapers in Public Libraries.

LAKE PLACID, N. Y., Sept. 19. The American Library Association opened this morning with the discussion of the newspaper in public libra-ries. Mr. Crunden of St. Louis, H. M. Utiey of Detroit, and J. Thompson advocated current daily newspapers in free libraries. The reader must take the responsibility of selecting whole-some reading from them. They are the edu-cators of the day, and contain the latest knowl-edge of history, art, and literature.

#### Strike of Mili Hauds in Troy.

TROY, Sept. 19, - The knitters and winder uployed nights in the Victor Knitting Mills at Cohors are on a strike for a restoration of wages. One hundred and fifty persons are af-fected. The card room employees in the River-side Mill. Cohors, are also out because the firm refuses to restore a reduction of 10 per cent. Two hundred and fifty persons will be thrown out of employment. HAS SHE TWO HUSBANDS?

MISS BARCELO APPARENTLY TWICE MARRIED.

one Hunband Intends to Contest Her Attempt to Get Their Marriage Annulled, While the Other Benies that They Wers Married, Although His Mother and Wit. senses to the Ceremony Contradict Mim.

Frances Barcelo, or Schnster, who is suing her husband, Jacob Schuster, in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn, for annulment of their marriage, has involved herself in a rather serious matrimonial tangle through her penchant for secret marriages. She is only 19 years old, and until yesterday has been living with her grandparents at 1,069 De Kalb avenue, Brooklyn.

Miss Barcelo married Jacob Schuster on June 30, 1890. The marriage was a secret one, and she now contends that it was filegal, as she was under age. She also says that she never lived with Schuster. She wants to marry again and her husband stands in the way. She says that when the marriage took place she was a roung and innocent girl, and was drawn into it without knowing what she was doing. She adds that none of her friends knew of the marriage until the present suit was instituted.

Both of these statements are received with broad smiles by the people in the neighborhood who are acquainted with the couple. It seems to have been very generally known that she and Schuster were married. A good many friends had also heard of her reported marriage to James A. Ryan of 978 De Kalb avenue, which apparently took place in Hoboken on May 31, 1893. This marriage also was a secret one, and Ryan now denies that it ever occurred. His mother, however, admits it. So do both of the witnesses who were present. Miss Barcelo has not yet committed herself on the subject. It was said yesterday at her residence that she had left Brooklyn, and that it was not known when

The effect of Ryan's denial of his marriage merely serves to give it the appearance of having been a mock ceremony. Ryan is 21 and works for Samuel Johnson, a printer, at 2 Liberty street. He betrayed agitation when asked about the marriage yesterday.
"I deny positively," he said, "that I ever mar-

"I deny positively," he said, "that I ever married Miss Barcelo. I need to take her to picnics and balls, but that was all. I don't have anything to do with her now."

Rvan was reminded that his mother had admitted the marriage and said she had seen the record and the marriage certificate.

"She hasn't got any authority to say so. I never told her so. If she asked me anything about it, I told her politely it was none of her business. I suppose there's a hundred people in Brooklyn that you couldn't knock it down their throats that I wasn't married to her. But they know nothing about it. Let them prove what they say."

throats that I wasn't married to her. But they know nothing about it. Let them prove what they say."

"Didn't you go to Hoboken with Miss Barcelo a year ago last May to have some sort of ceremony performed?"

"I ain't either admitting nor denying that. My mother never saw the record, though, for there wasn't any record made."

Ryan said he didn't know at the time that Schuster had any claim on Miss Barcelo, but added that he seems now to have been the only one of her friends who didn't know it.

Mary McSherry of 13 Auburn place, Brooklyn, was one of the witnesses of the ceremony. She is 19 years old. Yesterday she and her mother confirmed the story of the marriage. Miss McSherry said she did not know Miss Barcelo, but "Jimmy " Ryan asked her to go to Hoboken as a bridesmald. The ceremony took place at night, and she didn't know exactly where, nor what the minister's name was. It was performed with a ring, and Hyan received a marriage certificate. So far as she knew the marriage was made in good faith, but was to be kept secret for two years. Her parents did not know of the affair at the time.

The other witness was Alfred Delin, who works in James Stevensop's bookbindery at 20 Vesey street. He admitted the affair with reluctance.

"I was asked as a friend to stand up with

Vesey street. He admitted the affair with reluctance.

"I was asked as a friend to stand up with Ryan," he said, "and so I did it. That's all I know about it. I understood that it was to be recorded, and I think it was done in good faith."

The marriage with Schuster is admitted by all concerned. Schuster, however, contends that it was contracted by Miss Harcelo with her eyes wide open, and he will contest the action for annulment. His brother, Fred Schuster, said yesterday that the two lived together for about a year after their marriage, and that an affidavit to that effect has been drawn up and signed by twenty-three of the neighbors.

The two Schusters have been in business with their father, who kept a saloon at 117 Nostrand avenue. Heccntly they sold out, and intended to sail for tiermany next Saturday. They have given the journey up for the present.

Miss Barcelo's father was John Antonio Barcelo, a man reputed to be wealthy when he died. She has other relatives living in the best sections of Brooklyn.

John Lorch is suing Anna Lorch for the annulment of their marriage, alleging that she has a husband living from whom she has not secured a divorce. Mrs. Lorch applied for alimony and a divorce. Mrs. Lorch applied for alimony and counsel fees to Judge McAdam in the Superior Court yesterday. The application was denied. Mrs. Lorch says that her first husband was Christopher Boos, who died in 1882. Two years later she was married to Frederick Reichlein and she was compelled to leave him because of his wanton crueity. On Feb. 13, 1893, believing that Reichlein was dead, she was married to Lorch. She alleges that she informed Lorch of her former marriages.

SAMANSKY STABBED SCHULTHEIS. Both Are Boys, and the First Tried to Rob

Eleven-year-old Philip Schultheis of 280 Bushwick avenue, Williamsburgh, was sent on an errand by his mother yesterday morning. When he got to Varet street and Bushwick avenue William Samansky, aged 12 years, who lives at 125 Varet street, and two other boys attacked him. Samansky seized Schulthels by the throat and held him while his companions

the throat and held him while his companions robbed the boy of 25 cents. Schulthets finally bested his assailants and got back the money. Then Samansky drew a penknife and stabbed Schultheis under the left eye.

Policeman Lawler of the Stagg street station heard Schultheis's screams and saw Samansky and the other two boys run away. He pursued them and caught Samansky in a tenement in Varet street. The others escaped. Schultheis was taken to the station house, where he was attended by an ambulance surgeon. Samansky was arraigned in the Ewen Street Police Court and remanded in the custody of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children until his companions are found. He refused to tell who they were.

#### A POT OF MONEY FOUND.

A Partly Melted Lump of Coins Found to the Mud at Greenport.

GREENPORT, Sept. 19.—A large lump of partly nelted metal, in which can be seen American and foreign silver coins and nickels, was picker up this morning on Main street wharf by James Grady, an employee of Abraham & Straus. The metal came from the water, and was thrown The metal came from the water, and was thrown on the dock with a lot of mud by a mud digger which is dredging beside the wharf. The lump is half round, and was evidently removed from a meliting pot before the coins put in last had been completely melted.

The rounded portion has the appearance of melted sliver. The flat surface is full of coins of various denominations, some showing one side complete and others being half buried in the metal. Some of these are l'ortuguese, Spanish, and vierman money. No one here can conceive what the purpose could have been of the persons who started to melt up the money.

East Side Tailors to Celebrate,

The Brotherhood of Tailors have made arrangements for a general holiday next Thurs day to celebrate the abolition of the task work system. There will be a parade in the evening system. There will be a parade in the evening and a mass meeting, which will probably ba held in Cooper Union.

The contractors, alarmed at the victory of the striking east side tailors, are prepared to make concessions rather than face the threatened strike of shirt makers. The unions, however, desire to prepare a fixed scale of wages and then endeavor to have it enforced.

Heckman Bles of His Injuries. Charles Heckman, who, while temporarily in sane, jumped from an elevated train on the high curve at 110th street and Eighth avenue or Monday, died of his injuries in Manhaitan Hos-pital yesterday morning.

Materials field, Ready for Use, at Low Prices. Bend for Catalogue. Mention "Sun."

# ROOFS

Made Watertight or No Charge. Write at once. GEO. E. GLINES, 49 WEST BROADWAY, N. Y. HUMBLED A WIFE BRATER.

After Years of Crnelty Price at Last Cam-A woman bleeding from a cut on her forehead met Policeman McConnell on Eighth avenue on Tuesday evening and asked him to protect her and her children from her husband. She said she was Mrs. Robert Price of 328 West Fiftyninth street, and that her husband had com home drunk and abused her terribly. When the policeman reached the house Price was stand-ing on the sidewalk. He shook his fist at the

oliceman and said:
"Damn you, I am in my own castle now, and I defy you or any other man to touch me."

Then he advanced, aiming a blow at the police nan that missed. He was preparing to follow up the attack when the officer's right flat struck whined:
"For God's sake don't touch me and I'll go

For God sake don't touch me and in god along.

The tenants in the building had been watching the fun from the windows. They knew how Mrs. Price had suffered from her husband, and they were overjoyed at his ignominious downfall. The children along the block were gathered in groups on the opposite side of the street, and among them was Price's six-year-old daughter. There were many encouraging cries from the windows. "Send the blackguard up for life." yelled one; "Give him ten years more," said another.

windows. "Send the blackguard up for life, yeiled one; "Give him ten years more," said another.

Quite a crowd followed McConnell and his prisoner, and the latter seemed to fear that he would get rough treatment before he reached the station house. He asked the policeman to hurry up. At the corner of Eighth avenue Price's little daughter overtook them.

"I hope you won't let my papa come back," she said. "He comes home and grabs me by the hair and whirls me around and then he lets go and throws me on the floor. He calls mamma names and knocks her down. Keep him away." Yesterday morning Price was arraigned in the Yorkville Police Court. Mrs. Price and her Is-year-old daughter Annie were there to testify against him. Mrs. Price said that her husband was janitor of the buildings 32%, 330, 332 West Pifty-ninth street, but that he would not work, she and her daughters having done it all for a long time. She married Price is years ago, being at that time a widow with six children. Since then he had squandered \$2.000 she had saved up, and had abused her until she could stand it no longer. Price is 34 years old. He was once a fine-looking man, but he was a sorry sight yesterday. He was nervous and weak from the effects of prolonged dissipation. Justice McMahon sent him to the Island for five months.

#### QUEER MONTCLAIR POLICEMEN.

Kane Disarmed by a Man He Tried to Ar MONTCLAIR, Sept. 19.-Policeman Michael Kane attempted to arrest a man named Smith on Glen Ridge avenue last night. The young man ran away, with the policeman in pursuit After running about six blocks Smith turned and waited for Kane, who came up rather winded and holding a revolver in each hand. Before Kane was aware of Smith's intentions the young man had secured possession of his re-volvers and emptied them into the air. At the unusual noise Policemen Dunlop and Gannon

unusual noise Policemen Dunlop and Gannon came hurrying to the scene, but both Kane and Smith had disappeared.

After firing the revolvers, Smith threw them down and escaped in direction of Bloomfield.

Detective Harry Rudden has been suspended from duly by Acting Chief of Police Dupuy, because of charges made against him by B. Waterhouse and William Mulligan before Recorder Morris. Mulligan charges Rudden with beating Mrs. Mary Murphy last night, and when he and Daniel Bell interfered the officer put his hand to his hip pocket and threatened to shoot Bell. Waterhouse says Rudden was intoxicated last night and insuited him in Saxton's saloon.

Rudden is well known in Newark, and last spring he was made a policeman in this town. He was brought into prominence by firing the shot that killed "Billy" Edwards, the cowboy. The police have received orders to bring Rudden before the Recorder as soon as he is found.

MASON'S STORY OF HIGHWAYMEN. Says He Has Been Held Up Five Times, but Escaped Safely Each Time.

Henry Mason, who drives a wagon for M Kaiser & Co. of Newark, and sells bottled beer all over Essex county, tells a thrilling story of having been held up by highwaymen in Frank-lin township, near Nutley, on Tuesday evening Mason and his 14-year-old brother-in-law were returning toward Newark in the rain, and the wagon was passing a tree-shaded point on the road when, according to the story, two men sprang from the roadside. One of the men held the horses, and the other shouted "stop or I will shoot you," and climbed upon the front of the

shoot you," and climbed upon the front of the wagon.

Mason drew a club from under the seat and struck the man on the head, knocking him from the step. Then he struck the horses, and shouted for the man at their head to let go or he would shoot him. The horses plunged forward, the highwayman lost his grip and was swept aside, narrowly escaping the wheels. Mason drove rapidly to the nearest hotel and reported the matter.

Justice Post and two constables at once started out, but failed to find any trace of the footpads. Mason says that he has been stopped by footpads five times in Franklin township, and has escaped unscathed every time.

The Franklin authorities think that he is piling it on. People have been stopped by tramps they say, but they do not believe that there is any organized gang of road agents there.

ALBANY, Sept. 19.-The National Distributing Company, which is to compete in the distribuion of whiskey with the American Distribution Company, was incorporated with the Secretary of State this afternoon. The company's objects of State this atternoon. The company's objects are to buy, sell, deal in, store, rectify, or redistil alcohols, gins, whiskeys, and all similar and other articles, and things relating or incidental to general distilling of liquors and spirits. The business is to be located in New York city and in such other places as may be agreed upon. The capital is \$100,000. The directors are Charles Putsel and Perets Rosenberg, each of whom subscribes for 450 shares of the stock, Max Rayser 50, Emil Salinger 5, and Gustav Putzel 45, all of New York.

#### Street-elegatug Employees Assign Their

The drivers and hostlers of the Street-clean ing Department have assigned their claims to the increase of salary, authorized by the Legis-lature, to Patrick J. McNulty, a walking delegate of the union. McNulty was formerly a driver. He was arrested on complaint of Major Throckmorton, assistant superintendent of the department, for attempted assault on July 13. WHe was fined \$10 in the Yorkville Court and dismissed from the department. Now he is a walking delegate of the union. He will begin suit against the city for the increase, and judgment will be confessed by Corporation Counsel Clark. The men will probably get their money in about two weeks.

Material Plenty in the Fifth.

Tammany Hall candidates for local nomina tions in the Fifth Assembly district are getting very numerous. Owen McGinnis and William Clancy are again in the field for Alderman Clancy are again in the field for Alderman against the present incumbent. Edward A. Eiseman, who wants to be returned, and there is still another candidate in the person of Solomon Littenberg. For the Assembly Arthur T. Rellly and Leon Sander would both like to succeed Samuel J. Foley who will probably go back himself if he can't go to Congress in place of Tim Campbell. Both the regular and the Milholland Republicans are expected to have candidates, as are also the Independent County Organization and the cuckoos.

Mr. Baly's Betained Property Man. Henry W. Elliott, the property man for Augustin Daly's productions, who was held by the authorities on Ellis Island on Tuesday for vioauthorities on Eliis Island on Tuesday for vio-lation of the Alien Contract Labor law, is still a prisoner of the immigration Bureau. The The-artical Protective Union protested against his being allowedrito land, and on that protest he was detained. Eliiott admitted yesterday, as it was said by one of the immigration officials, that he had signed a contract with Mr. Daly, and that the latter had given him £15 to pay his passage. Eliiott also said he thought the Contract Labor law a good one, and that he wished there was such a law in England.

It is probable that a suit will be instituted against Mr. Daly for violation of the labor law.

New Street Ballway in Long Island City. ALBANY, Sept. 19.—The Newtown Railway Company was incorporated with the Secretary f State to-day to construct a street surface or state to-day to construct a street surface railway from Long Island City to Flushing, L. I. The capital is \$150,000, and the directors are Rudolph T. McCabe, Eugene L. Bushe, Stephen Peabody, John L. Lamson, Walter A. Pease, New York city; Cord Meyer, Christian M. Meyer, Maspeth, N. Y.; George Chambers, Long Island city, and Robert C. Pruya, Albany. The principal office is at Steinway, L. I.

Carlyin Harris's Father Released from

Hospital. OGDENSBURG, Sept. 19.-C. F. Harris, who has been confined at the St. Lawrence State Hospital since the execution of the death sentence on his son, Carlyle W. Harris, was discharged from that institution resterday and has returned to Syracuse. WHAT RILLED MRS. LASALLEY

Coroner Creamer of Brooklyn is investigating the death of Mrs. Sarah Lasalle, and Police Superintendent Campbell has also instructed Capt. Eason of the De Kalb avenue station to make a searching inquiry into the case. Mrs Lasalle was a widow, 57 years old, and lived with her son and grandson at the residence of John G. Dillon, at 73 Downing street. She was afflicted with a spinal disease, and her legs were powerless. She spent most of her time in an invalid chair, which she wheeled about the room she occupied. Downing street is a quiet thoroughfare, and most of the residents are neighborhood was startled by the piercing shrick of a woman, and this, it is alleged, was followed by a crash of glass and the noise made by a heavy body falling from a height into a rear yard. Then came cries for police and later an ambulance rattled up to the fron door of 72. Mrs. Lasalle, it was represented had fallen from the window of her room on th third floor into the yard below. Some of the third floor into the yard below. Some of the neighbore, including the servant and the son of Mr. Arthur W. Gilbert of 64 Downing street, and members of Edward J. Fizhugh's household, at 58 Downing street, declared that a pistolator had preceded the fall, but they were excited and the police think were probably mistaken. Mrs. Dilion said last night that Mrs. Lasalie had probably fallen from the window by accident. She denied the story of the pistolahot, and declared that the people in the house knew knew nothing of the occurrence until Mrs. Lasalie had fallen into the yard. She had been seen in bed only a short time before her fall, and then she seemed to be resting peacefully. Mrs. Dilion says that she probably climbed into her chair, which was left at her bedside when she retired, and wheeled herself to the open window for a breath of out-door air, as she had at times difficulty in breathing. It is probable, Mrs. Dillon adds, that she over-balanced herself, and, lacking power to recover her equilibrium, fell into the yard. Mrs. Lasalie's son was not at home when the secident happened.

The doctors at the hospital say that Mrs. Lasalie was conscious, but so weak that she was unable to speak when admitted. The physicians refrained from questioning her. She died, they said, from shock to her nervous system. Her injuries seemed to be comparatively superficial in character. neighbors, including the servant and the son of

#### CURED BY THE RELICS OF ST. ANNE. Addie Mitten Was Paralysed for Two Years - The Macred Relies Applied,

Addie Mitten, 6 years old, living with her aunt and her grandmother at 942 Willow avenue, Hoboken, has, it is said, been miraculously cured recently of paralysis of both legs, from which she had been suffering for two years Since the death of her parents, four years ago, her grandmother, Mrs. Mary Mitten, and her aunt, Miss Anna Mitten, have taken care of her. Two years ago she fell from a high chair and injured her spine. Three weeks later she complained of stinging pains in her hips. Dr. Grew of Garden street attended her, but was unable to cure her. Inside of six weeks both of her legs were paralyzed.

On July 25 Miss Mitten read of the miracu lous cure of a crippled boy through an applica tion of the relic of St. Anne in St. Jean Baptist's Church in East Seventy-sixth street in this city. Addie was taken to the church that afternoon, and, after prayers, the relic was applied, once on either hip, by Father Tetreau. When the child was taken home she said she felt better. Three days later she was taken to the church sain. As the relic was applied the child said: "Let me down: I can walk." She was taken home and the braces which she had been wearing were removed. She moved her legs freely. Inside of a month she could toddle about the rooms. Last Saturday she was allowed to play in the street and she remained out three hours. tion of the relic of St. Anne in St. Jean Baptist's

RECENT EVENTS IN HATTI.

The Reported Attack Upon Mme, Gauthler

Passengers on the steamship Prins Maurits which arrived on Sunday from Port au Prince, say that the truth of the matter concerning the reported attempt upon the life of Mme. Gauthier, the daughter of President Hippolyte, is that on Aug. 31, about 9:30 o'clock in the evening, a man named Fabre Marinette fired at M. Gauthier as an outcome of a personal quarrel and not for any political motive. The bulie missed Gauthier, but pierced his wife's skirt Marinette and his four accomplices, Letellie by the police, and as they opened fire upon the latter with their revolvers, the police shot them

latter with their revolvers, the police shot them on the spot.

The health of Hippolyte has also been the subject of much rumor, which probably arose from the following bulletins which were posted, and were signed by Drs. L. Audran, Sr., L. Audran, Jr., V. Gilles, and United States Vice-Consul Terrès:

Medical bulletin, Aug. 12, 10 A. M.:

"The President suffered vesterday evening with a slight affection of the lungs. He is better this morning."

with a single altection of the white morning."

Medical bulletin, Aug. 13, 9 A. M.:

"The improvement continues. The President's lungs are no longer affected."

Medical bulletin, Aug. 14, 10 A. M.:

"The President is up. It will not be necessary to issue further bulletins."

LEFT A POLICY BY JOINT WILL Raupp's Brother Claims the \$1,000, Declar-ing the Will Illegal.

Ernest August Raupp and his wife Louisa were old and feeble in January last when they de-cided to make a will. They had no property, but the husband had a policy of \$1,000 on his life, and the aged couple decided to bequeath the policy to Mrs. Elizabeth Christie, a resident in the same house with them on Throop avenue Brooklyn, who had been very kind to them. They knew nothing about legal forms, and simply declared, under their joint signature, that the insurance money should go to that the insurance money should go to Mrs. Christie. Mrs. Raupp died first, and the will was offered for probate, but it could not be accepted until both were dead. When Mr. Raupp died recently the will was again offered. A brother of Raupp, who recently came from Germany, interposed the objection that the will was slilegal, as there was no authority in law for drawing a joint will.

"At first blush," said Surrogate Abbott, "I should say that this instrument is not valid, but the question is an entirely new one tome, and I would like to look into it thoroughly."

Winter Excursion to the Mediterranean One of the most delightful excursion tours for he winter has been arranged by the French line of steamships. The steamship La Touraine will eave New York on Feb. 2 for a sixty days' tour teave New York on Feb. 2 for a sixty days' tour to the Azores and the Mediterranean. Among the piaces to be visited are Lisbon, Barcelona, Nice, Monaco, Naples, Syracuse, Alexandria, Cairo and the Pyramids Jaffa, Jerunalem, Smyrna, Constantinople, Athens, Malta, Tunia, and Algiers. The Touraine has a speed of 2014 knots, and is equipped with the latest devices. But 260 passengers will be taken on this excursion, although the vessel has accommodations for 500. Many applications have already been received.

Court Calendars This Bay.

Court Calendars This Day.

Supreme Court—General Term.—Recess Charrens.—Motion calendar called at 11 A. M. Special Term.—Parts I. II., and III.—Adjourned for the term. Checur Court.—Tarts I. III., and IV.—Adjourned for the term.

Submodate Court.—Trial Term.—Will of Kurigunds Kugler at 10:30 A. M. Charrens.—No day calendar. For product.—Wills of Julia A Carstang, Elize Gerken. Rary O'Nell. William Ryan, Leopold Aberham, at Silaches at 10:30 Darry, Bertha Unger, Krasanibla Silaches I P. Subschaffers. Term.—Adjourned for the term. Special Term.—Mollon. Egyper Term.—Adjourned for the term. Suprement Court—General Term.—Adjourned for the term. That Term.—Adjourned for the term. That Term.—Adjourned for the term. That Term.—Fairs I. III. and III.—Adjourned for the term. That Term.—Fairs I. III. and III.—Adjourned for the term. term.

CITY COURT—GENERAL TERM - Adjourned for the term. SPECIAL TERM - Motions. Talai TERM - Paris I., ii. iii., and iv. - Adjourned for the term.

SINCE THE WAR.
Framous Prescription 100, E. S.
A tharvelous success in the care of
RHEUMATHEM AND GOUT. Pleasant to take. 75c. bottle. All Druggists. Book free. MULLER, 42 University place, N. Y.

Simply prepare your Advertisement. Call the Messenger. American District Messenger Service at the disposal of our Advertisers. No extra Charge.

Boy knows the rates.

## HER PRIVATE LIFE

A Pictot Shot Said to Have Accompanie on Invalid's Patal Pall from a Window. How Little We Know of Each Other's Affairs.

Troubles and Trials Which We Keep

To Ourselves.

Some Good Reasons Why It Is Wise To Tell Our Experiences.

A story of great suffering comes from Middlesex, Vt. Mrs. B. A. Stockwell, a well-known lady residing there, has endured the most intense agony from headaches. She continued to frightfully without obtaining relief. Finally a friend who had recovered from a similar complaint told her just what to do to be cured.

She is now well and wants every suffering woman to know about it. Here is her remark-

able letter: "About a year and a half ago," she says, "I had a time of very severe headaches, which, while they lasted, were so had that I could not sit up. They lasted from one to two days, generally two, and after I got over them I was completely prostrated. I tried many remedies, but could not find anything to relieve me. I became fearfully discouraged and down-hearted and



"I finally began the use of Dr. Greene's Nerwurs blood and herve remedy, and in a very short time was much better. I am now entirely cured, thanks to this wonderful medicine, I desire to recommend it to every one who is suf-fering from any complaint, for I know that it will cure them. People everywhere are suffering from disease, when, if they would use Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, they would be cured. If you, reader, have headache, pain in any part, or any symptom of nervous or chronic disease,

or any symptom of nervous or chronic disease, take this great remedy and you will be made perfectly well. It is the discovery of Dr. Greene of 35 West 14th st., New York city, the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. He can be consulted free, personally or by letter.—Adv.

#### Public Motices.

(Should be read DAILY by all interested, as change Foreign mails for the week ending Sept. 22 will close PROMPTLY in all cases; at this office as follows:

(PROMPTLY in all cases) at this office as follows:

TH CRSDA',—At 9:30 A. M. (supplementary 10:30 A. M.) for COLON and PANAMA. per steumship Allianes (letters must be directed "per Allianea"); at 10 A. M. (supplementary 11 A. M.) for CENTRAL and Solvent of the control of the

for Puerto Cortez, Ounternala, and Bellise must be directed "per Weihaven").

8ATURDAY.—At 4:30 A. M. for FRANCE, SWITZER-LAND, ITALY, SPAIN, PORTUGAL, TURKEY, and BRITISH INDIA, per steamship La Champagne, via Havre, at 7. M. (supplementary 9 A. M.) for Europe, per steamship Camplementary 9 A. M. (supplementary 10 A. M.) for Europe, for German must be a trained. M. (supplementary 9 A. M. (supplementary 9 A. M.) for GRE MANY, per steamship Europe, via Southampanta at 7:30 A. M. (supplementary 9 A. M. (supplementary 9 A. M. (supplementary 9 A. M.) for GRE M. M. (supplementary 9 A. M. (supplementary 9 A. M.) for GRE M. M. (supplementary 9 A. M.) for GRE M. M. (supplementary 9 A. M. (supplementary 9 A. M.) for GRE M. M. (supplementary 9 A. M.) for SCOTLAND direct, per steamship Furnessia "); at 10 A. M. for GENOA, per Furnessia "); at 10 A. M. for GENOA, per Furnessia "); at 10 A. M. for GENOA, per Supplementary 10 A. M. for MRIGHTM direct, per steamship Funda 11 (setter must be directed "per Kalser Withelm II." (setter must be directed "per Hannal "); at 10 A. M. for RELGHTM direct, per steamship Pennland via Antwerp (teleters must be directed "per Pennland"); at 10 A. M. (setters furnessia) Athos (setters for other parts of Haytimust be directed "per Athos"); at 10 A. M. for FORENNE, ISLAND, JAMAICA, and GONAIVES, per sumship Athos (setters for other parts of Haytimust be directed "per Athos"); at 10. A. M. for GRE M. M. (setters for other parts of Haytimust be directed "per Athos"); at 10. A. M. for CAMPECHE CHIAPAS TARRAGO and VUCA. ship Athos (letters for other parts of Hayll must be directed "per Athos"), at 10:30 A. M. for CAMPECHE, CHIAPAS, TABASCO, and YUVATAS, per steamship Yumuri (letters for other Mexican States and Cuba must be directed "per Yumuri"), at 10:30 A. M. for HAYTI, CUMANA, and CARUPANO, per steamship Prias Maurits (letters for other Venezuelan ports, Curacoa, Trinidad, Britab and Dutch Gulana must be directed "per Prines Maurits, at 11 A. M. (supplementary 11 A. M. (supplementary 12 A. M. for VENEZUELA and CURACOA, also BAVAILLA, via Curacoa, per steamship Priliadelphia (letters for other Colombian ports, also Cumana and Carupano, must be Timella, Nos directed per decembly Others, 12 M. (supplementary 12 A. M. (supplementary

iceans; at e.10 P. M. for NEWFOUNDLAND, per steamer from Halifax.

alls for China and Japan, per steamship Oceanic (from San Francisco), close here daily up to Sept. 10 at 6 30 P. M. Malis for Hawail, per steamship Australia (from San Francisco), close here daily up to Sept. 28 at 6 30 P. M. Malis for the Society Islands, per ship Tropic Bird (from San Francisco), close here daily up to Sept. 24 at 6 30 P. M. Malis for China and Japan (specially addressed only), per steamship Victoria (from Tacoma, close here daily up to Sept. 25 at 6 30 P. M. Malis for China and Japan (specially addressed only), per steamship below of India (from Tacoma, close here daily up to Sept. 25 at 6 30 P. M. Malis for China ship span (specially addressed only), per steamship shap tracedaily affersed only). M. Malis for Australia (except West Australia, M. M. Sais for Australia (except West Australia, Hawail, and Fiji Islands, per steamship Answ. Hawail, and Fiji Islands, per steamship Answ. Hawail, concept those for West Australia, which are forwarded the Europe). New Zealand. Hawail, Fiji and Samoan Islands, per steamship Monowai (from San Francisco), close here daily affer Sept. 213 at 6:30 P. M. Sais for Mexico, deserving the Halifax and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 8:30 P. M. Malis for New-foundiand, by rail to Boston and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 8:30 P. M. Malis for Weston, overland, unless specially addressed for despatch by steamer, close at this office daily at 1:00 A. M. for forwarding by steamers sailing (Mondays and Thursdays) from Fort Tampa, Fig. Mails for Mexico, overland, unless specially addressed for despatch by steamer, close at this office daily at 1:00 A. M. for forwarding by steamers as all ing (Mondays and Thursdays) from Fort Tampa, Fig. Hais for Mexico, overland, unless specially addressed for despatch by steamer, close at this office daily at 1:00 A. M. for forwarding by steamers as all ing (Mondays and Thursdays) from Fort Tampa, Fig. Amis for Mexico, overland, unles

by steamer, close at this office daily at 3:00 Å. M.
Trans-Pacific mails are forwarded to port of sailing
daily, and the schedule of closing is arranged on the
presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit.

Registered mail closes at 8:00 F. M. previous day.
Registered mail closes at 8:00 F. M. previous day.
Right his closing of the Supplementary Transation
to Mails named above, additional supplementary mails
are opened on the piers of the American. English
French, and terman steamers, and remain open unit
within Ten Minutes of the hour of salling of steamer.

Post Office, New York, N. Y., Sept. 19, 1894.

#### Zegal Motices.

In the matter of the application of the Board of Fire Commissioners of the City of New York, on behalf of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonly of the City of New York, by the Counsel to the City of New York, by the Counsel to the experation of said city, relative to acquiring title to repertation of at the northeasterity corner of ThemONY and build at the northeasterity corner of ThemONY and build city, duly selected by said Board as a site for buildings for the use of the Fire Department of said city, under and in pursuance of the provisions of chapter 151 of the Laws of 1894.

DURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF CHAPTER I 151 of the Laws of 1804.

PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF CHAPTER I 151 of the Laws of 1804, entitled "An Act in relation to building sites for the Fire Department of the city of New York" and all other statutes in such cases made and provided, notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Ruprene Court of the state of New York. at a special Term of said court, to the state of New York. at a special Term of said court, to the state of New York and the Lith day of October. 1804, at the opening the court on the 18th day of October. 1804, at the opening of commissioners of Appraisal in the above-entitied matter.

The nature and catent of the improvement hereby intended is the acquisition of title by the Mayor, aldermen and Commonaity of the City of New York to certain lands and premises and the appurtenances thereto beinging at the morthesisterity corner of Tremont and Morris avenues, in the Twenty-fourth ward of said city, in fee simple absolute, the same to be considered appropriated and used to and for the purposes appropriated and used to and for the purposes of the City of the Cummissioners of the City of See Sid Board of Fire Commissioners of the City of See Sid Board of Fire Commissioners of the City of See Sid Board of Fire Commissioners of the City of See Sid Board of the City and search of the Indiana. All those four certain loss, pieces or parcels of land, namely:

All those four certain loss, pieces or parcels of land, and of the City of See York to the Scotian of the City of See York to the City of the City of the Commissioners of the Indiana. The following described loss, pieces or parcels of land, namely:

All those four certain loss, pieces or parcels of land, manually and property having the last of the Version of the City of See York to the Scotian described situation of the City of See York to the Scotian described situation and being the theory and being the Scotian described and the Scotian described situation and the Scotian described sin

the City of set them intersection of the northerty side follows:

Beginning at the intersection of the northerty side of Tremont avenue with the casterity side of Eortia avenue; running these northerty along the easierly side of Eortia avenue one hundred and two feet two and three quarter inches; thence easierly and parallel, or nearly so, with the northerty side of Yummont avenue one hundred feet; thence southerty and parallel, or nearly so, with the casterty side of Eortia avenue.

Zegnt Motices.

one hundred and two feet also and three eighth he as to the northerly side of Tremont avenue, and them westerly along the northerly side of Tremont avenue on hundred teet to the point or place of beginning.

Dated New York, September 19th, 1984.

Counted to the Corporation.

No. 3 Tryon row, New York City.

NEW AQUEDUCT. APPLICATION FOR APPRAISAL

DURLIC NOTICE IS HERREY GIVEN that it had a tention of the Counsel to the Corporation of City of New York to make application to the New Court for the appointment of Commissioners of praisals, under Chapter and of the Law of 1984.

Such application will be made at a Special Tessald court to be head in the Second Jodicial die of the Court of the head in the Second Jodicial die of the Information or as soon thereafter as a time in the forences, or as soon thereafter as a time in the forences, or as soon thereafter as a time in the forences, or as soon thereafter as a time in the county of New York, and the other two or an order of the Court appointing three dispute and competent freeholders, one of whom shall relate in the county in which the real shall reside in the county in which the real shall reside in the county in which the real shall reside in the county in which the real shall reside in the county in which the real shall reside in the rectangle of the purpose of manying preserving, and increasing the water supply city of New York.

The real estate hereinafter described in the real shall increasing the water supply city of New York, and is laid out, indicated, shown on a certain map, special and county of Westchester County in the Pulling of Public Works, City of New York, property and of Public Works, City of New York, property and of Public Works, City of New York, property and of Public Works, City of New York, which said was filed in Westchester County, isogeners and sorth said was filed in Westchester County, isogeners of the most filed in the county of the both said was filed in Westchester County isogeners of the property of the public was filed in Westchester County isogeners of the public was filed in Westchester County is grant of the real estate to be laken, all of which is 15 a pac avenue distant 76.32 feet westerly when the will be seen of 1 degrees and minutes and St. 74 feet, then which is 1 degrees and minutes and soon as as filed feet, thence north 1 degrees and minutes and soon as as a f

equired. Dated New York City, September 11, 1894. WILLIAM H. CLARK No. 2 Tryon row, New York City

NO. 2 Tryon row, New York C SUPREME COURT, In the matter of the application of the Mayor, / men and Commonalty of the City of New Yor and through the Counsel to the Corporation, to quire title to certain lands in the Twelfth Warie City of New York, as and for a public park, it designated and known as ST. Ni-HOLAS F. under and pursuant to the provisions of chapte of the Laws of 1894.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT WE. NOTICE IS HEREBY AND A CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY to the owners and all persons interested in the eutore hereinafter describes and laid out, appropria or designated by said chapter 806 of the Laws of it as and for 48. Nicholas Park, and proposed to be taken or affected for the purposes named in said act, we perform such other duties as are by said acts prescrib. The real estate so proposed to be taken or affector said purposes comprises all the lands, tenence hereditaments and premises not now owned, or title to which is not vested in the Mayor, Aldern and Commonaty of the City of New York, within limits or boundaries each of a received land laid.

appropriated or designated for said public park, namely:
All those pieces or parcels of land situate in the Tweifth Ward of the City of New York bounded and described as follows:
Beginning at a point on the westerly side of Sains Nicholas avenue where the southerly side of One Hundred and Thirlieth street. If extended or continued, would intersect the saine; running thence northerly along the westerly side of Saint Nicholas avenue to the southerly side of One Hundred and Forty-first street; thence westerly along the southerly side of One Hundred and Forty-first atreet to the casterly side of a new avenue, known as Convent avenue; thence southerly along the saterly side of Convent avenue; 440 feet and 5 inches to a point thereon where the centre line of One Hundred and Thirty-eighth street, if exinches to a point thereon where the centriline of One Hundred and Thirty-eighth street, if e tended or continued, would intersect the same; then westerly croasing said Convent avenue and along it said centre line of One Hundred and Thirty-eight street to the easterly side of Tenth avenue; then southerly along the easterly side of Tenth avenue; the centre line of One Hundred and Thirty-eighth street the centre line of One Hundred and Thirty-side the said the centre line of One Hundred and Thirty-six and the centre line of One Hundred and Thirty-six along the said centre line of One Hundred and Thirty-six histeret, extended or continued, wou intersect the same; thence still easterly along the said centre line of One Hundred and Thirty-sixth street, extended or continued, to the centre line of Saint Nicholas terrace to the southerly side of Saint Nicholas terrace to the southerly side of Cone Hundred and Thirty-sixth street, if extended or continued, to the westerly along the southerly side of Saint Nicholas terrace to the southerly side of Saint Nicholas and Thirtieth street, if extended or continued, to the westerly side of Saint Nicholas zone at the point or place of bestiming.

All parties and persons, owners, lessess, or offer persons interested in the real estate above describe persons interested in the real estate above describe sunder or authorised by said act, chapter safe of the Laws of 1894, and having any claim or demand one of our parties of the said owner or claimant on a support thereof as the said owner or claimant on a support thereof as the said owner or claimant side of the note of the support thereof as the said owner or claimant shill desire a line safe parties and persons in relation theretos, an in case any s

heard, or said proofs or resumon; which further us.

And at such time and place, or at such further other time and place as we may appoint, we will it the proofs and allegations of any owner, however the person in any way entitled to or interview such real estate, or any part or parcel thereof, also such proofs and allegations as may be then off on behalf of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonait the City of New York, July 26th, 1884.

Dated New York, July 26th, 1884.

JUNAS C. T. FRAIN, THOMAS C. DUNHAM.

L. B. BRENNAN, Clerk.

I. B. BRENNAN, Clerk. I. B. BRENNAN, Clerk.

S. UPREME COURT.—In the matter of the explication of the loard of Education to the vectorial to our fine the bound of Education to the vectorial to our former than the bound of New York, because and Constitute Ones of the State of State

Pursuant to the provisions of chapter 551 Laws of 1888, as amended by complete 56 of the 1888, as amended by complete 56 of the 1888, notice is hereby give; that as applicant be made to the Supreme tourt of the state Vork, at a Special Term of said court, to be Chambers (Lernof, at the County Court House, city of New York, on the 4th day of testaser, i the opening of the court on that day or as seen after as counsel can to head flareous for pointment of Commissioners of Estimate in the entitled matter. the opening of the court on that tay, or as some after as counsel can to hear! Hereion for pointment of Commissioners of Estimate in the entitled matter.

The nature and extent of the improvement intended is the acquisition of title by the Medermen, and Commissioners with the building intended is the acquisition of title by the Medermen, and Commissioners with the buildings and the appuirenances thereto belonging on Mayene. One Rundred and Forty second at Hundred and Forty-sepath streets, in the Twent warm of said city, in fee study advance, the Twenty and Forty-sepath streets, in the Twenty warm of said city, in fee study and the purposes specification and impress to did to the 1880, and property having been duly selected proved by the Rosard of Education as a site of purposes, under and in pursuance of the proved property in the Laws of 1880, being the said chapter 13 of the Laws of 1880, being the said chapter 13 of the Laws of 1880, being the said chapter 13 of the Laws of 1880, being the said chapter 13 of the Laws of 1880, being the said chapter 13 of the Laws of 1880, being the said chapter 13 of the Laws of 1880, being the said chapter 13 of the Laws of 1881, being the said chapter 13 of the Laws of 1881, being the said chapter 13 of the Laws of 1881, being the said chapter 3 of the laws of 1881 and 1881, being the said chapter and the said and the said of the northerly side of the fundred and the said street with the westerly side of at a maximum street with the westerly side of at a maximum street with the westerly side of at a maximum street with the westerly side of at a maximum street with the westerly side of the Alama with she southerly side of One Hundred and twenty five feet; thence southerly with 8t Anna with 8t Anna avenue one hundred and twenty five feet; thence and restrict and content of the southerly side of the said and twenty five feet; thence southerly and forty seventh at rest and content of the southerly side of the said at the said of the southerly seventh street.

No. 2 Tryon Bow, New York C. U.